

task_jti0uzudcmg4u22t_with_calculation

Student Group

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complex impedance, exam ee1 WS2022

Exercise E1 Analyzing complex Impedances (written test, approx. 14 % of a 60-minute written test, WS2022)

2. Calculate the phasor voltage \underline{U} and the current \underline{I} in the circuit shown in the figure. The components (R and X_L) shall be given.

After analysis, the full width dimensioned phasor voltage \underline{U} and current \underline{I} in phasor notation shall be given. $\underline{U} = \sqrt{2} \cdot U_{eff} \cdot e^{j(\varphi_U - \omega t)}$ and $\underline{I} = \sqrt{2} \cdot I_{eff} \cdot e^{j(\varphi_I - \omega t)}$

Solution
.. Calculation of physical values of the components.
Solution $R = 10 \Omega$, $X_L = 20 \Omega$

Solution

$\underline{I} = \frac{\underline{U}}{\underline{Z}}$
The current and voltage across phase on the circuit are $\underline{U} = 50 \text{ V}$ (real) resulting in $\underline{I} = \frac{50 \text{ V}}{10 \Omega + j20 \Omega} = \frac{50}{10 + j20} = \frac{50}{\sqrt{500} \angle 63.4^\circ} = \frac{50}{22.36 \angle 63.4^\circ} = 2.24 \angle -63.4^\circ \text{ A}$
The voltage across the capacitor is $\underline{U}_C = \underline{I} \cdot (-jX_C) = 2.24 \angle -63.4^\circ \cdot (-j20) = 44.8 \angle -153.4^\circ \text{ V}$
The voltage across the inductor is $\underline{U}_L = \underline{I} \cdot X_L = 2.24 \angle -63.4^\circ \cdot 20 = 44.8 \angle 26.6^\circ \text{ V}$
The phasor voltage \underline{U} is calculated as $\underline{U} = \underline{U}_C + \underline{U}_L = 44.8 \angle -153.4^\circ + 44.8 \angle 26.6^\circ = 50 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}$
With the complex part comes the complex value $\underline{U} = 50 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V}$
 $\underline{I} = \frac{\underline{U}}{\underline{Z}} = \frac{50 \angle 0^\circ}{10 + j20} = 2.24 \angle -63.4^\circ \text{ A}$
The phase φ can be calculated as $\varphi = \arctan\left(\frac{\text{Im}(\underline{I})}{\text{Re}(\underline{I})}\right) = \arctan\left(\frac{-1.41}{1.41}\right) = -45^\circ$

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