

task_kricv9fh7haauo6q_with_calculation

Student Group

First Name	Surname	Matrikel Nr.

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complex impedance, exam ee1 WS2022

Exercise E7 Complex Impedance Circuit
(written test, approx. 15 % of a 60-minute written test, WS2022)

1. Calculate the circuit impedance Z for the signal $z(t) = 3.0 \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 15 \cdot t)$ V and $i(t) = 1.0 \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 15 \cdot t)$ A in the circuit. $u(t) = 3.0 \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 15 \cdot t)$ V and $i(t) = 1.0 \cdot \sin(2\pi \cdot 15 \cdot t)$ A. $Z = \frac{U}{I} = \frac{3.0 \text{ V}}{1.0 \text{ A}} = 3.0 \Omega$. $Z = 3.0 \Omega$.

2. A linear source is connected with an inductor of $330 \mu\text{H}$ and a capacitor of $0.22 \mu\text{F}$, all in series.

Result: $Z = 19.8 \Omega$

3. Draw the circuit diagram of the given circuit and label all components, voltages, and currents.

$$Z = \frac{U}{I} = \frac{3.0 \text{ V}}{1.0 \text{ A}} = 3.0 \Omega$$

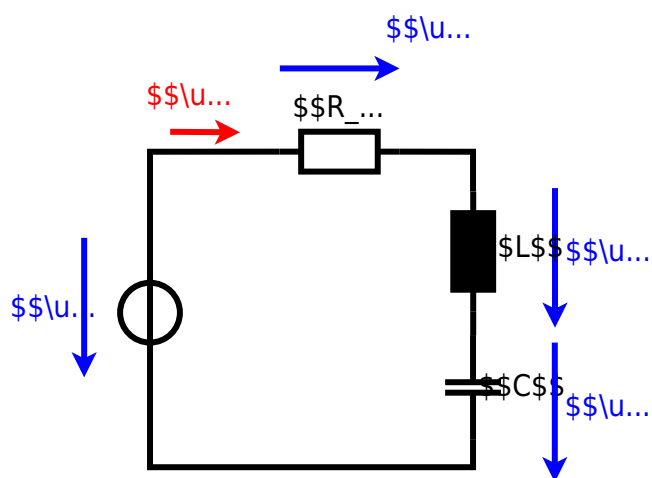
$$Z_C = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot f \cdot C} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot 15 \text{ kHz} \cdot 0.22 \mu\text{F}} = 1.59 \Omega$$

$$Z_L = 2\pi \cdot f \cdot L = 2\pi \cdot 15 \text{ kHz} \cdot 330 \mu\text{H} = 6.35 \Omega$$

$$Z = \sqrt{R^2 + (Z_L - Z_C)^2} = \sqrt{3.0^2 + (6.35 - 1.59)^2} = 6.35 \Omega$$

$$\underline{Z} = R + j(Z_L - Z_C) = 3.0 + j(6.35 - 1.59) = 3.0 + j4.76 \Omega$$

$$|\underline{Z}| = \sqrt{R^2 + (Z_L - Z_C)^2} = \sqrt{3.0^2 + 4.76^2} = 5.7 \Omega$$



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