

rechnung_betragundphase_umkehrintegrator

Student Group

First Name	Surname	Matrikel Nr.

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\$\;\$ \$\;\$	$U_A = -\frac{1}{R \cdot C} \int \int U_E(t) dt + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ insert sine function: \$\;\$ \$\color{blue}\{U_E(t)\} = \hat{U}_E \cdot \sin(\omega \cdot t)\$	
	$U_A = -\frac{1}{R \cdot C} \int \int U_E \cdot \sin(\omega \cdot t) dt + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ insert root function with limits \$\;\$ \$\color{blue}\{\int_{x_0}^{x_1} \sin(a \cdot x) dx\} = [-\frac{1}{a} \cdot \cos(a \cdot x)]_{x_0}^{x_1}\$	
	$U_A = -\frac{1}{R \cdot C} \int [-\frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega} \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t)]_{t_0}^{t_1} + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ put constant before \$\;\$ \$\;\$ integral	
	$U_A = \frac{1}{R \cdot C} \int \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega} \cdot \cos(\omega \cdot t) - \cos(0) + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ insert limits: \$t_0=0\$, \$t_1=t\$	
	$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} (\cos(\omega \cdot t) - \cos(0)) + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ \$\color{blue}\{\cos(0)\} = 1\$	
	$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} (\cos(\omega \cdot t) - 1) + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ multiply	
	$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} \cos(\omega \cdot t) - \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ consider the \$\;\$ \$\;\$ non-cosine terms	
	$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} \cos(\omega \cdot t) - \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} + U_{A0}$
\$\;\$ \$\;\$ This part is independent in time. Since we assume purely sinusoidal quantities, the initial voltage of the capacitor must be: \$\;\$ \$\;\$ \$\color{blue}\{U_{C0}\} = U_{A0} = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C}\$	
	$U_A = \frac{\hat{U}_E}{\omega \cdot R \cdot C} \cos(\omega \cdot t)$

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